## Tarefa 20: identity for the velocity

Using: 
$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{k}) = \frac{1}{\hbar} \nabla_{\mathbf{k}} H(\mathbf{k}) = \frac{1}{\hbar} \left( \frac{\partial H}{\partial k_x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial H}{\partial k_y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial H}{\partial k_z} \mathbf{k} \right) \\ H|n, \mathbf{k}(t)\rangle = E_n[\mathbf{k}(t)]|n, \mathbf{k}(t)\rangle \\ i\hbar \frac{d}{dt}|n, \mathbf{k}(t)\rangle = i\hbar \frac{d\mathbf{k}(t)}{dt} \cdot \nabla_{\mathbf{k}}|n, \mathbf{k}(t)\rangle \\ H|\Psi(t)\rangle = i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} |\Psi(t)\rangle \end{cases}$$

Show that:

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}(H|n,\mathbf{k}\rangle) = (\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}H)|n\mathbf{k}(t)\rangle + H(\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}|n,\mathbf{k}\rangle)$$

2) 
$$H(\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}|n,\mathbf{k}\rangle) = i\hbar\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{d\mathbf{k}(t)}{dt}\cdot\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}|n,\mathbf{k}\rangle\right)$$

2) 
$$H(\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}|n,\mathbf{k}\rangle) = i\hbar\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{d\mathbf{k}(t)}{dt}\cdot\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}|n,\mathbf{k}\rangle\right)$$

3)  $\hbar\mathbf{v}|n\mathbf{k}(t)\rangle = \nabla_{\mathbf{k}}(E_n[\mathbf{k}]|n,\mathbf{k}\rangle) - i\hbar\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{d\mathbf{k}(t)}{dt}\cdot\nabla_{\mathbf{k}}|n,\mathbf{k}\rangle\right)$ 

Tip: Do it by components so you don't get confused!!